

## **DRUGS POLICY**

Last Review:	November 2022
Committee:	SLT
Date Ratified:	23/11/2022

### **1. Context**

- 1.1. The purpose of this policy is to safeguard the health and safety of students and others who use the school, as well as to clarify the school's approach to drugs for all stakeholders and the wider community.
- 1.2. We acknowledge that our school community plays an important role in tackling drug misuse by providing drug education and pastoral support to all students. It is our aim to help students to take their place safely in our society, where a wide range of drugs exists. We recognise that some drugs have beneficial effects, but also that every drug has potential harm. For this reason, all drugs need appropriate and responsible care and management. In order to be able to make informed choices, staff and students need to understand the nature of drugs, their social and legal status and their uses and effects.
- 1.3. The Drugs Policy makes clear the procedures for responding to and managing drug related incidents and ensures that all students develop the knowledge, understanding, skills and attitudes that enable them to make responsible and well-informed decisions about their lives. Drugs and Health education as defined within this policy will enable students to:
  - develop attitudes, practices and understanding conducive to good health;
  - improve their quality of life through developing an understanding of the importance of their physical, social and mental well-being;
  - access accurate information about drugs;
  - make informed choices regarding health and drug use;
  - understand the rules and laws relating to drugs and how to seek appropriate advice;
  - recognise their rights as a responsible citizen with regard to their own health and the health of others;
  - understand the responsibilities of groups, organisations and society for the health of the individual and the community;
  - to clarify our school's attitude to the management of drugs problems.

## 2. Aim

2.1. The aim of this policy is to communicate to staff, governors, parents and carers, visitors and students the way in which we deal with incidents involving drugs, alcohol and other substances and how drugs and health education is delivered at Oldfield School. To achieve our aims, we will:

- keep the health and safety of our school community and the pastoral needs of students as our first concern;
- provide a supportive, nurturing environment in which all students and staff are encouraged to develop their knowledge and understanding about drugs;
- provide a Personal Development (PSHE) curriculum that encourages students to develop their understanding of drugs and how to lead a healthy lifestyle. All drugs education should be relevant and appropriate to students' ages and ability;
- provide targeted intervention and support for individual students where we are concerned about drug misuse;
- maintain a zero tolerance to the misuse, possession, supply or dealing of drugs on school premises;
- regularly evaluate the effectiveness of our drugs education and sanctions for drugs offences;
- train and support school staff so they understand the drug policy and their role in implementing it;
- liaise with the Police and other national and local services;
- ensure the Designated Safeguarding Officers have training that is current and reflects changes to national and local drugs strategy.

## 3. Definitions

3.1. A drug is defined as '*a substance people take to change the way they feel, think or behave*'. This definition includes illegal substances and also legal substances such as: alcohol and tobacco, vapes (e-cigarettes), volatile substances, performance-enhancing drugs, new psycho active substances, over the counter and prescription medicines and any other unauthorised substances (*DfE and ACPO drug advice for schools, September 2012 and National Drug Strategy 2010*).

3.2. The reference to drugs paraphernalia means items such as cannabis grinders, rolling papers, filters, matches, lighters and pipes etc.

3.3. The legal definition of premises of a school includes everything within the property boundaries including buildings, outbuildings, playgrounds, fields, public rights of way through the school site and also extends to include other settings such as vehicles, boats, marquees or any venue managed by the school at the time, e.g. premises of a school trip or visit.

3.4. In preparing this policy, the following sources have been consulted:

- DfE and ACPO drug advice for schools (September 2012)
- The Psychoactive Substances Act (2016)
- Drugs policies of other local schools

3.4 Related policies include:

- Behaviour for Learning.
- Safeguarding and Child Protection.
- Attendance for students.

- Medical Conditions.
- Educational Trips and Visits.
- Staff Code of Conduct.
- . Curriculum.
- RSE.

#### 4. Procedure

- 4.1. In the event of a disclosure made by a student, staff will follow the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy to ensure that the correct procedures are followed. This may result in a referral to Social Care or the Police. Where possible, parents will be contacted to inform them of this action. However, the safety and well-being of the student is paramount and therefore there may be times when parents are not informed of our actions.

#### 5. Dealing with Drug Related Incidents in School

- 5.1. Any student/s who are proven either to have supplied an illegal substance (drug) to another student or to have used or possessed an illegal substance (drug) during the course of a school day, during a school organised activity or at any other time when the authority of the school pertains, will face a fixed-term suspension or permanent exclusion.

5.1.1. For each individual case the procedures outlined in **Appendix 1** should be followed where possible.

- 5.2. **Possession (for personal use).** If a student is found in possession of drugs, suspected drugs or drug-taking paraphernalia, then the materials/substances will be confiscated. Unless there is a safeguarding issue, the parents of the student will be informed as soon as possible. The Police will also be informed if illegal drugs are involved.

5.2.1. If the student/s are under the influence of drugs, then medical advice may be sought. The student will be isolated until the end of the school day or until handed into parental care.

5.2.2. If the student is able to give a statement, then that will be taken by a member of staff dealing with the incident. SLT and student's Head of Year will be informed.

5.2.3. The student will usually be suspended for a fixed term for a first offence, but a permanent exclusion may be considered in certain circumstances and for repeat offences.

5.2.4. Any response to drug-related incidents needs to balance the needs of individual students concerned with the wider school community. In deciding what action to take we will follow our Behaviour for Learning Policy and we will also be mindful of DfE Exclusion Guidance. Drug use can be a symptom of other problems. We will also be ready to involve or refer students to other services when needed. This would usually be in consultation with parents/carers.

- 5.3. **Supplying Drugs on school premises:** A student supplying/ sharing drugs in school will receive a permanent exclusion from school.

5.3.1. The procedures noted in 5.2 about confiscation and information also apply in this case.

- 5.3.2.If the investigation concludes that the student was supplying illegal substances in or through the school, the exclusion will be permanent.
- 5.4. **Buying Drugs:** If the school becomes aware that a student was buying/receiving drugs or planning to buy/receive drugs from another, then the school will inform the parents and the Police.
- 5.4.1. A fixed term suspension will usually be appropriate for a first offence; a permanent exclusion may be considered in certain circumstances and for repeat offences.
- 5.5. **Student/s under the influence of drugs on school premises:** It may be that a student comes to school not in possession of drugs, but having recently taken drugs, is still under their influence. The medical needs of the student will be addressed.
- 5.5.1.The procedures outlined in 5.2.1 are applied.
- 5.5.2.A fixed term suspension will usually be appropriate for a first offence; a permanent exclusion may be considered in certain circumstances and for repeat offences.
- 5.6. **Support for students involved in a drug related incident:** For all drug related incidents where there has been a fixed term suspension, a readmission meeting will be held with the parents, the student and a member of the Senior Leadership Team, as well as any other key personnel currently involved with the student.
- 5.6.1.The record of the readmission meeting will include details of any support required by the student to help in controlling his/her drug use. Support may be available via agencies connected with the School Nursing Service or external agencies. School may consider an Individual Support Plan or Early Help in deciding how best to support the student with their drug use.
- 5.6.2.Sources of advice and local services are listed in **Appendix 2** These will be provided to parents/carers if appropriate and used by the school when required.
- 5.6.3.The Governing Body will be informed by the Headteacher of all drug related suspensions.
- 5.6.4.The Headteacher will take responsibility for liaison with the media, where required.
- 5.6.5. The roles and responsibilities of all key staff and parents are outlined in **Appendix 3**.
6. **Cigarettes (Tobacco) and E-Cigarettes:** Cigarettes must never be brought into school. We are a smoke-free site and comply with all national legislation regarding this matter.
- 6.1. Any student found smoking/vaping or is with a group of students that are found smoking/vaping will be referred to the student's Head of Year and an appropriate sanction issued.
- 6.2. All items found will be confiscated.

- 6.3. The student/s parents will be informed, and the incident recorded on SIMS Behaviour.
  - 6.4. Repeat offences will be dealt with by using the sanction of a fixed term suspension. Persistent offences may result in permanent exclusion.
  - 6.5. If a student sells or supplies cigarettes/E-cigarettes or any other smoking paraphernalia to another student/s then they may receive a fixed term suspension. In some cases, this may lead to a permanent exclusion.
  - 6.6. Students who find it difficult to stop smoking will be signposted to the School Nurse and local support-to-stop services e.g. smoking cessation classes, which may be provided on-site.
- 7. Alcohol:** The school and its premises are alcohol free zones. The school does not allow any alcohol to be consumed on school premises without prior authorisation for pre-arranged social gatherings for adults sanctioned by the Headteacher.
- 7.1. Anyone found to be in breach of this rule will be dealt with by the student's Head of Year /or SLT.
  - 7.2. Appropriate medical assistance will be sought in the first instance for any student who is found under the influence of alcohol or who appears to be intoxicated on school premises.
  - 7.3. Parents will be informed of any alcohol related incident on school premises.
  - 7.4. Any student who is found with or under the influence of alcohol will be dealt with by using the sanction of a fixed term suspension. Persistent offences may be permanently excluded.
  - 7.5. If a student passes or sells alcohol to another student, then they will receive a suspension. Repeat offenders may be permanently excluded.
  - 7.6. Students who may be vulnerable because of their alcohol misuse will be referred to support agencies e.g., Project 28.
- 8. Misuse of Solvents/Chemicals:** Are hazardous to health. Students are not permitted to bring solvents into school.
- 8.1. Any solvents/chemicals found on school premises will be confiscated.
  - 8.2. Appropriate medical assistance will be sought in the first instance for any student who is found under the influence of solvents/chemical or who appears to be under their influence on school premises.
  - 8.3. Parents will be informed of any solvent/chemical related incident on school premises.
  - 8.4. Any student who is found with or under the influence of solvents/chemicals will be dealt with by using the sanction of a fixed term suspension. Persistent offences may be permanently excluded.
  - 8.5. If a student passes or sells solvents/chemicals to another student/s this may result in a permanent exclusion.

- 8.6. Students who may be vulnerable because of their solvent/chemical misuse will be referred to support agencies e.g. School Nursing Service/Project 28/
- 8.7. All members of staff are responsible for the safe storage and use of solvents in their classroom. Where possible these should be locked away when not in use.
- 8.8. Cleaners and premises staff should also ensure that their stores are locked away when not in use.
- 9. Prescribed Drugs on Premises:** An up-to-date list of students taking prescribed drugs for long-term conditions is available.
  - 9.1. Parents must notify the school of any medicines that need to be taken in school hours including on school trips.
  - 9.2. School staff who administer medication (whether voluntarily or as part of a contract of employment) should receive appropriate training.
  - 9.3. Medication must be in the original packaging with instructions for use and the expiry date. In certain cases, prescribed emergency medicines may be kept on the school premises in specifically allocated places and may be administered by suitably trained staff only.
- 10. Searching and Confiscation of Students:** The General Power to Confiscate: Section 91 of the Education and Inspectors Act 2006 enables members of staff to confiscate, retain or dispose of a student/s property as a disciplinary penalty, where reasonable to do so.

The guidance from the Department of Education 'Searching, screening and confiscation, January 2018' provide advice for schools on the use of the power to search students without consent.

  - 10.1. When the member of staff finds other substances that are not believed to be controlled drugs these can be confiscated where the member of staff believes them to be harmful or detrimental to good order and discipline. If school staff are unable to identify the legal status of the drug, it should be treated as a controlled drug.
  - 10.2. We are not required to inform parents before a search of a student takes place or to seek their consent to search their child. There is no legal requirement to make or keep a record of a search, but we may do so.
  - 10.3. The student's parents/carers will normally be informed where alcohol, illegal drugs or potentially harmful substances are found, though there is no legal requirement to do so.
  - 10.4. Complaints about searching a student should be dealt with through the normal school complaints procedure as outlined in the Complaints Procedures policy.
- 11. Disposing of Controlled Drugs:** In taking temporary possession and disposing of a controlled drug/s the following procedure will be followed;
  - 11.1.1. seal the sample in a plastic bag and include details of the date and time of the seizure/find

- 11.1.2. store it in a secure location, such as a safe or other lockable container with access limited to senior members of staff;
  - 11.1.3. notify the police, including the name of the student.
  - 11.1.4. inform parents/carers, unless this is not in the best interests of the student;
12. **Parents under the influence of drugs/substances/alcohol:** If parents on school premises appear to be under the influence of drugs or substances or alcohol, they will be asked to leave and the member of staff making the request should refer the matter to a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) and a member of the Senior Leadership Team (SLT).
- 12.1. If a member of staff suspects that a parent has driven or will drive whilst under the influence of drugs or alcohol, the member of staff should inform the DSL and a member of SLT who will inform the police.
  - 12.2. If the DSL believes the student is at immediate risk of harm from a parent who is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, the student will not be released into the care of the parent and our Safeguarding and Child Protection procedures will be followed.
13. **Early Intervention:** As a school we have a key role in identifying students at risk of drug misuse. Within the process of identifying needs of a student, we aim to distinguish between students who require general information and education and those who could benefit from targeted prevention, and those who require a detailed needs assessment and more intensive support in conjunction with outside agencies.
14. **Students whose parents/carers or family members misuse drugs:** We will be alert to behaviour that might indicate that the student is experiencing difficult home circumstances. Where problems are observed or suspected, or if a student chooses to disclose that there are difficulties at home our Safeguarding and Child Protection procedures will be followed.
15. **Delivery of Drugs and Health Education:** The Drugs and Health curriculum is co-ordinated by the Head of PSHE, and includes coverage by teachers and tutors within the tutorial programme and discrete PSHE lessons.
- 15.1. School based training will be provided for teachers and delivered when required.
  - 15.2. The curriculum includes opportunities for students to develop the skills they need to stay safe from all forms of drugs or drug abuse and risks associated with taking or being involved with Drugs. Representatives of relevant external agencies are also involved in delivering the programme.
  - 15.3. Through the Drugs and Health education the school addresses:
    - 15.3.1. **Attitudes and values:** Students are helped to examine their own and other people's attitudes and values, particularly related to Drug matters, and to respect the rights of others to their own opinions. Drugs and Health education can help students to develop a good self-image and high self-esteem, responsibility and the ability to make informed decisions.

15.3.2. **Personal and Social skills:** Drugs and Health education encourages the acquisition of skills so that students' relationships with others may be positive, fulfilling, and respectful. It provides opportunities to develop communication skills, assertiveness within a range of different situations and recognise opportunities to develop a healthy lifestyle and highlight other social.

15.3.3. **Knowledge and Understanding:** Drugs and Health education provides information on the different forms of drugs, the impact this has on the individual and society and the involvement of the legal system and the law.

15.4. Materials used in schools are prepared in accordance with the PSHE Framework and the law. Care is taken to ensure that students are protected from teaching and materials that are inappropriate, having regard to the age and cultural background of the students.

15.5. This school recognises the need to begin with students' own experiences, beliefs and values and, therefore, places a high importance on creating a supportive and secure atmosphere where they can develop the confidence needed to talk, listen and think about Drugs and health education. In order to do this, teachers work within the current code of conduct within Teacher Standards 2013 DfE, which states that teachers must not undermine certain values, including "mutual respect" and "tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs".

15.6. The PSHE curriculum at KS3 introduces Drugs and Health education in year 7. This is built upon and developed throughout years 8-13. This is based upon an appropriate age-related curriculum.

15.7. The school provides students with information about different types of drugs. Students are made aware of their personal responsibility and the consequences of one's actions in relation to taking or being involved with drugs (**see Appendix 4**).

15.7.1. During lessons teachers:

- establish ground rules with students
- emphasise the importance of mutual respect
- require no open personal disclosures in a class setting
- use distancing techniques
- encourage reflection

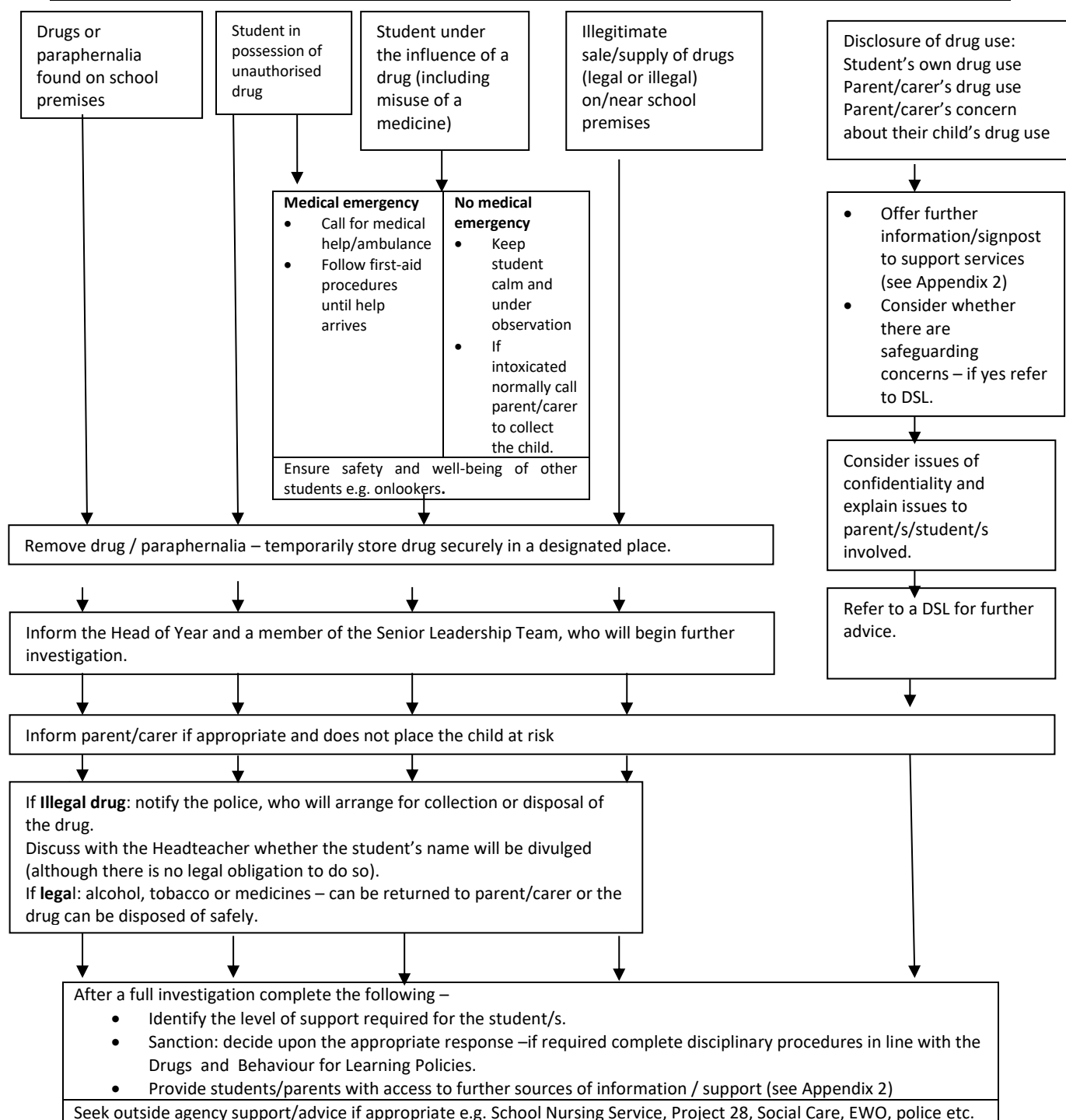
## 16. **Monitoring and review:**

The Deputy Headteacher: Pastoral will review the policy every two years in conjunction with the Head of PSHE and -

- following any serious incident involving alcohol or drugs and substance misuse.
- following the issue of any new guidance from the Department of Education (DfE)



## Appendix 1 – Flow Chart to deal with Drug incidents on school premises



## Appendix 2 – Useful Organisations

**Addaction** is one of the UK's largest specialist drug and alcohol treatment charities. As well as adult services, they provide services specifically tailored to the needs of young people and their parents. The Skills for Life project supports young people with drug misusing parents. Website:

<https://www.addaction.org.uk/>

**ADFAM** offers information to families of drug and alcohol users, and the website has a database of local family support services. Tel: 020 7553 7640 Email: [admin@adfam.org.uk](mailto:admin@adfam.org.uk) Website:

<http://www.adfam.org.uk/>

**Alcohol Concern** works to reduce the incidence and costs of alcohol-related harm and to increase the range and quality of services available to people with alcohol-related problems Tel: 020 7264 0510. Email: [contact@alcoholconcern.org.uk](mailto:contact@alcoholconcern.org.uk) Website: <https://www.alcoholconcern.org.uk/>

**ASH (Action on Smoking and Health)** A campaigning public health charity aiming to reduce the health problems caused by tobacco. Tel: 020 7739 5902 Email: [enquiries@ash.org.uk](mailto:enquiries@ash.org.uk) Website:

<http://ash.org.uk/home/>

**Children's Legal Centre** operates a free and confidential legal advice and information service covering all aspects of law and policy affecting children and young people. Tel: 01206 877910 Email: [clc@essex.ac.uk](mailto:clc@essex.ac.uk) Website: <http://www.childrenslegalcentre.com/>

**Children's Rights Alliance for England** - A charity working to improve the lives and status of all children in England through the fullest implementation of the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child. Email: [info@crae.org.uk](mailto:info@crae.org.uk) Website: <http://www.crae.org.uk/>

**Drinkaware** - An independent charity that promotes responsible drinking through innovative ways to challenge the national drinking culture, helping reduce alcohol misuse and minimise alcohol related harm. Tel: 020 7307 7450 Website: [www.drinkaware.co.uk/](http://www.drinkaware.co.uk/)

**Drinkline** - A free and confidential helpline for anyone who is concerned about their own or someone else's drinking. Tel: 0800 917 8282 (lines are open 24 hours a day)

**Drug Education Forum** – this website contains a number of useful papers and briefing sheets for use by practitioners: Website: [www.drugeducationforum.com/](http://www.drugeducationforum.com/)

**DrugWise** is a centre of expertise on illegal drugs, aiming to inform policy development and reduce drug-related risk. The website includes detailed drug information and access to the Information and Library Service. Website: <http://www.drugwise.org.uk/>

**FRANK** is the national drugs awareness campaign aiming to raise awareness amongst young people of the risks of illegal drugs, and to provide information and advice. It also provides support to parents/carers, helping to give them the skills and confidence to communicate with their children about drugs. 24 Hour Helpline: 0800 776600 Email: [frank@talktofrank.com](mailto:frank@talktofrank.com) Website: [www.talktofrank.com](http://www.talktofrank.com)

**Family Lives** - A charity offering support and information to anyone parenting a child or teenager. It runs a free-phone helpline and courses for parents, and develops innovative projects. Tel: 0800 800 2222 Website: <http://familylives.org.uk/>

**Re-Solv (Society for the Prevention of Solvent and Volatile Substance Abuse)** A national charity providing information for teachers, other professionals, parents and young people. Tel: 01785 817885 Information line: 01785 810762 Email: [information@re-solv.org](mailto:information@re-solv.org) Website: <http://www.re-solv.org/>

**Smokefree** - NHS Smoking Helpline: 0800 169 0 169 Website: <https://www.nhs.uk/smokefree>

**Stars National Initiative** offers support for anyone working with children, young people and families affected by parental drug and alcohol misuse. Website: <https://www.childrenssociety.org.uk/substance-misuse-domestic-violence/substance-misuse>

**Youth Offending Teams** – Local Youth Offending Teams are multi-agency teams and are the responsibility of the local authority, who have a statutory duty to [prevent offending by young people under the age of 18. Website: <https://www.gov.uk/youth-offending-team> 15

## **Appendix 3 PSHE Curriculum (Drugs curriculum)**

**The KS3 curriculum includes;**

- the positive and negative roles played by drugs in society (including alcohol);
- factual information about legal and illegal substances, including alcohol, volatile substances, tobacco and cannabis and the law relating to their supply, use and misuse
- to recognise and manage different influences on their decisions about the use of substances, (including clarifying and challenging their own perceptions values and beliefs) including managing peer influence;
- the personal and social risks and consequences of substance use and misuse, including the benefits of not drinking alcohol (or delaying the age at which to start) and the benefits of not smoking including not harming others with second-hand smoke;
- the safe use of prescribed and over the counter medicines;
- the risks and consequences of 'experimental' and 'occasional' substance use and the terms 'dependence' and 'addiction'.

**This curriculum is broken down as follows:**

### **Year 7**

Students will know the definition of alcohol, different measures used and be able to talk about some effects of alcohol. They will know about the law relating to alcohol and will know why alcohol laws and guidelines are there. Students will know about risks associated with drinking and explore good and bad relationships in terms of peer pressure.

### **Year 8**

Students will learn that not all drugs are bad and study how drugs can help. They look at how drugs can have a poisonous effect on the body, including medicines. Students will look at the topic of addiction.

### **Year 9**

Students' prior understanding is reinforced and students are informed about the effects of drugs and alcohol on their physical and mental health and are signposted to where they can receive help and support should they need it. Students discuss peer pressure, the effects and risks associated with drugs and gain an awareness of 'legal highs'. Outside speakers are used where possible to further this delivery e.g. Project 28.

**The KS4 curriculum includes;**

- the short and long term consequences of substance use and misuse for the health and mental and emotional wellbeing of individuals, families and communities, including the health risks related to second hand smoke.
- Understand the terms 'habit', 'dependence' and 'addiction' in relation to substance use and to whom to talk if they have concerns.
- The wider risks and consequences of legal and illegal substance use including on their personal safety, career, relationships and future lifestyles.

**This curriculum is broken down as follows:**

**Year 10**

Students gain an understanding of the different categories of drugs and consider the laws relating to drug use. To explore the effects of drugs on the human body and on relationships. They gain knowledge of where they can get help, guidance and further information.

**Year 11 Tutorial Sessions**

Students look at risk taking and how their lifestyle choices can have a positive and negative effect (short and long term). There is a focus on developing risks associated with illness because of drugs as well as how students can minimise risk. There is a focus on how the brain effects the brain and factual information on smoking and vaping as well as information on where to find support, help and advice.